EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1 INTRODUCTION

M/s. Indsil Hydro Power & Manganese Ltd. is sister concern of M/s. Indsil Energy & Electro Chemical Ltd. whose plant is situated in Urla Industrial Estate, Raipur, Chhattisgarh. The company is manufacturing Ferro Alloys. Due to massive expansion growth in steel and stainless steel industries, the demand for the company's core products have been strengthened. Since the company's facilities are not adequate enough to cater to the demand both from steel and stainless steel industries, the company is proposed to install 2 x 9 MVA capacity multi product type Ferro alloys furnace at Patthara Village, Bemetara Tehsil, Durg District, Chhattisgarh.

As per EIA notification SO No 1533 issued on 14th September, 2006 and its subsequent amendments the proposed project is falling under Project / Activity 3(a) – Metallurgical Industries (Ferro &Non Ferrous) and Category A – Primary metallurgical industry all projects, and requires Environmental Clearance from Expert Appraisal Committee (EAC), MOEF, New Delhi. Indsil has submitted Form 1 application for obtaining Terms of Reference (TOR) from EAC.

The proposal was considered by the Expert Appraisal Committee during its 14th Meeting of the Expert Appraisal Committee-1 (industry) held during September 23rd to 25th, 2010 for determination of the Terms of Reference for undertaking detailed EIA Study in accordance with the provisions of the EIA notification dated September 14th, 2006. The EAC has given Terms of Reference vide its Letter No. J-11011/378/2010-IA-II(I) dated 20th October 2010

2 IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECT & PROJECT PROPONENT

The proposed Ferro Alloys manufacturing plant consists of 2 x 9 MVA Submerged Electric Arc Furnace for manufacturing High Carbon and Medium Carbon Silico Manganese. The company has appointed M/s. Sushma Associates, Hyderabad as Owner's Engineers, supply of main components and execution on turnkey basis for the Ferro Alloys manufacturing unit.

The details of the proposed project are given in **Table 2**, the site Features of the proposed Project is given in **Table: 2.2**. The Technical Details of the Proposed Project are given in **Table: 2.3**



Table 2.1
Details of the proposed project

S. No	Type of the project	Capacity
1	Ferro Alloys (High Carbon Silico Manganese & Medium	30400 TPA
	Carbon Silico Manganese) – Submerged Electric Arc Furnace	50400 11 A
	(2 x 9 MVA)	

Table 2.2
Site Features of the Proposed Project

Soil type	Silty Clay
Son type	Sitty Clay
Ground elevation	The ground elevation of the site is+270 M above MSL.
Available Land	4.87 Ha (12.03 acres)
Cost of the Project	Rs. 2200 Lacs
Water Requirement	100 KLD
Waste Water Generation	6 m³/day
Topo sheet No.	64 G/10
Latitude & Longitude	21° 39′ 34″ N & 81° 36′ 47″ E
Nearest City	Durg at 70 km distance towards SE direction
Seismicity Zone	Earth Quake Zone-II (Least to Moderate) as defined in IS: 1893-2002
Nearest Villages	Dokla Village
Nearest Railway Station	Durg at 70.0 km.
Nearest Highway	NH-12A at 1 km towards South direction
Nearest Air Port	Raipur at a distance of 80km
Nearest River	Seonath River, 3 KM



Equipment	Description
Ferro Alloys:	
Furnace Capacity	2 x 9 MVA
Products	Ferro Alloys:
	High carbon Silicon Manganese & Medium Carbon Silicon
	Manganese
Furnace Type	Low hood, Semi Closed, Sub-Merged Electric Arc Furnace.
Max Temperature	1200 to 1300°C
Poll Control	Bag filter & Heat Exchanger
Equipment	
Cooling system	Copper tubes (inlet water temp 35 to 40°C, Outlet water
	temp 45 to 50°C)
Owner's Engineers	M/s. Sushma Associates, Hyderabad

Table 2.3Technical Details of the Proposed Project

3 BASIC REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Land

The proposed land is completely private land, the total land is 12.03 acres and Green belt is 4 acres.

3.2 Raw Material

The main raw materials required for the proposed project are Manganese ore, Carbon reducer, Dolomite, Quartz and Carbon electrode paste for Ferro Alloy unit. The details of the main raw materials required are given in **Table 3.2.1**

Details of Raw Materials Requirement			
Plant	Raw material	Quantity	Source
Ferro Alloys	Manganese ore 76000 TPA Barbil, Orissa and		Barbil, Orissa and Balagha,
plant			Madhya Pradesh
	Carbon Reducer	21280 TPA	Nearby Coal fields
	Dolomite	9120 TPA	Baradawar (near Champa)
			Chhattisgarh
	Quartz	3040 TPA	Raigarh, Chhattisgarh
Note: Transportation of all raw materials will be by trucks, all trucks meeting the latest			
GOI emissions s	tandards will be used		

Table 3.2.1Details of Raw Materials Requirement

3.3 Water

The total water required from the project will be taken from the ground water (borewell) within the plant premises, necessary permission will be obtained from the State Ground water/ Central Ground Water Board. The detailed breakup of the water required for various activities are given in **Table 3.3.1**

Water Requirement m3/day			
S. No	Description	m³/day	Source
1	Cooling Purpose	80	Borewell within
2	Domestic Purpose	10	plant premises
3	Gardening	10	
	Total	100	

Table 3.3.1 Water Requirement m3/day

3.4 Power Evacuation

The total power required will be taken from its proposed coal based power plant. The details of the power required for proposed project are given in **Table 3.4.1**.

Table 3.4.1Details of Power Requirement

Plant	Power required	Source
Ferro Alloys plant	15 MW	Taken from CSEB, emergency DG set of 500
Total	15 MW	KVA

3.5 Man power Requirement

The man power required for the project will be sourced from near by areas to the maximum extent in case of non availability of skilled persons, they will be engaged from near by areas. The details of the man power during construction period and operation period are given in **Table 3.5.1**.

Table 3.5.1
Manpower Details

Plant	Permanent	Contract	Source	
Ferro Alloys plant	50	70	From local villages and	
Tota	50	70	neighboring areas	



4 BASELINE ENVIRONMENTAL STATUS

4.1 Meteorology

On site monitoring was undertaken during summer season the winds were predominantly recorded from West closely followed by SW & NW during this time period. Calm conditions prevailed for 9.92% of the total time. Averaged wind speed for the season that is March-May 2010 is 2.14 m/sec.

4.2 Ambient Air Quality

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (AAQM) was carried out at 10 locations within 10 Km peripheral of the project site. AAQ locations were selected in downwind, cross wind and upwind directions of the proposed plant location. AAQ levels are recorded are given below **Table: 4.2.1**.

S.No	Parameter		Min	Max	CPCB, Limits
1	S	PM	66	148	*
2	RPM	PM _{2.5μ}	13	32	60
3		ΡΜ _{10μ}	25	55	100
4	S	5O ₂	6.1	12.1	80
5	Ν	IO _x	9.0	18.2	80
6	(O ₃	BDL	BDL	100
7	Ber	nzene	BDL	BDL	05

Table: 4.2.1 Ambient Air Ouality levels in the study area- µg/m³

*No Standard for SPM

4.3 Noise levels in the study area

Baseline noise levels are monitored at 10 locations in the study area and found that noise levels are within the Residential prescribed limits.

4.4 Water Quality

Ground water samples at 10 locations and surface water samples at 2 locations were collected in the study area and analyzed to assess the water quality.

Ground Water Quality - Observations

- The pH of water samples varied from 7.20 to 7.52
- ◆ The Total Dissolved Solids are in the range of 178 mg/l to 205 mg/l.
- The chloride values are in the ranges of 22 mg/l to 40 mg/l.



✤ The fluoride values are in the rage of 0.10 mg/l to 0.22 mg/l.

Surface Water Quality – Observations

- The pH of the surface water is in the range of 7.60 to 7.90
- ✤ The Total Dissolved Solids are in the range of 182 mg/l to 190 mg/l
- ✤ The Fluoride values are in the range of 0.4 mg/l to 0.6 mg/l
- ✤ The Total Hardness is in the order of 67 mg/l to 102 mg/l
- ✤ The total chlorides are in the order of 18 mg/l to 39 mg/l

4.5 Soil Quality

Soil quality studies are performed around the project site. Soil samples were collected from 8 locations at various depths and physico-chemical characteristics of the collected samples were analyzed.

4.5.1 Soil Quality - Observations

- The soil quality analysis indicates the soils are predominantly in Balkish brown.
- ◆ The pH of soil indicates normal to saline nature (7.2 to 7.5)
- Available Nitrogen in the soil observed to be between 563 to 600 kg/ha, Phosphorous levels observed to be between 45 to 50 kg/ha and Potassium observed to be between 114 to 150 kg/ha

4.6 Environmental sensitive areas

Study was carried out to identify environmental sensitive areas with in 15 Km peripheral of the project site and found that there are no Sanctuary, Elephant/Tiger reserve (existing as well as proposed), migratory roots within 15 Km of the project site.

S. No.	Features	Existence with in 15 Km of the project site
1	Sanctuary	Nil
2	Elephant/Tiger reserve	Nil
3	Migratory routes	Nil

5 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT

The proposed power plant may cause impact on the environment in two phases.

- During construction phase
- During Operation phase



5.1 Impact during Construction Phase

Increase in SPM, RPM ($PM_{10} \& PM_{2.5}$), SO₂, NO_X & CO levels due to construction activities and movement of vehicles. The impact of these activities would be temporary and will be confined within the project boundary.

The impact on water environment during construction phase is likely to be short term and insignificant. The impact of noise due to construction activities is insignificant, reversible and localized in nature. No significant adverse impacts on the soil in the surrounding area are anticipated. No major impacts on the flora and fauna in the region are anticipated during the construction phase. Overall, there will not be any adverse impact on the surroundings during the construction period.

5.2 Impacts during Operation Phase

5.2.1 Impact on Air Quality

The main raw materials required for the proposed project are Manganese ore, Carbon reducer, Dolomite, Quartz and Carbon electrode paste for Ferro Alloy unit, Diesel for 500 KVA DG set. The important air pollutants generated from the plant are Particulate Matter (PM_{10}), Sulphur dioxide (SO_2) and Oxides of Nitrogen (NO_X). The Stack and Emission Details of Proposed Units **Table: 5.2.1**

Stack and Emission Details of Troposed Units					
Details	Units	Ferro Alloys	DG Set		
Plant capacity	-	2X9 MVA	500 KVA		
Fuel Consumption	TPD	-	60 LPH		
Height of the stack	М	30	10		
Dia. of stack	М	2.0	0.5		
Temp of flue gas	° C	150	135		
Velocity of flue gas	m/s	18	15		
Sulphur Content	%	-	0.05		
SPM Emissions	g/s	0.18	-		
SO ₂ Emissions	g/s	-	0.15		
NO _x Emissions	g/s	-	0.08		

Table 5.2.1Stack and Emission Details of Proposed Units

Using the above emission data and meteorological data, incremental concentrations of PM_{10} , SO_2 and NOx have been predicted. For predictions of incremental GLCs, USEPA approved ISCST3 model has been used and post project scenario has been assessed as given in **Table 5.2.2**.



Post Project Scenario-units: µg/m ³			
Particulars	Particulate	Sulphur	Oxides of
Farticulars	Matter (PM ₁₀)	dioxide (SO ₂)	Nitrogen (NO _X)
Baseline Scenario (Max)	55.0	12.1	18.2
Predicted GLC (Max)	0.38	1.79	0.95
Overall Scenario (Worst Case)	55.38	13.89	19.15
MOEF/CPCB Standards	100	80	80

Table: 5.2.2 Post Project Scenario-Units: μg/m³

The predicted ground level concentrations are superimposed on the baseline levels. The post project pollution levels are found to be within the CPCB limits.

5.2.2 Impact on Water Quality

The main source of water for the proposed plant is ground water. $6 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$ of wastewater will be generated from the proposed plant. 100% effluent will be treated and reused for greenbelt development.

5.2.3 Slag Generation and its Impact

The slag generated from ferro alloys unit is 15100 TPA will be used for land filling, building construction, boundary wall construction and tiles manufacturing.

5.2.4 Impact on Soil Quality

As the proposed project does not discharge any treated water outside the premises, hence there will be no impact envisaged due to the proposed project on soil quality. The wastewater from domestic and plant services are treated and reused within plant premises for greenbelt development, make up for fire, dust suppression, etc., hence the impact on soil quality will be minimum due to the proposed project

5.2.5 Impact on Ecology

The impact of the project on flora and fauna would be negligible.

5.2.6 Demography and Socio-Economics

The impacts of the proposed plant during operation of plant on demography and socio economic conditions would be both positive and negative some of them are as follows.

- Increase in employment opportunities and Reduction in migrants to outside for employment.
- Growth in services sector



- Increase in consumer prices of indigenous produce and services, land prices, house rent rates and Labour prices.
- > Improvement in socio cultural environment of the study area.
- > Improvement in transport, communication, health and educational services.
- Increase in employment due to increased business, trade and commerce and service sector.

The overall impact on the socio economic environment will be beneficial.

5.2.7 Impact on Health

Adequate air, water and noise pollution control measures will be provided in the proposed project to conform to regulatory standards. The environmental management and emergency preparedness plans are proposed to ensure that the probability of undesired events and consequences are greatly reduced, and adequate mitigation is provided in case of an emergency. The overall impact on Human health would be negligible during operation of plant.

6 ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN

6.1 Air Quality Management

The major air pollutants generated from the proposed project are given below.

- 1 Dust particulates in flue gas from chimney
- 2 Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) in flue gas
- 3 Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) in flue gas
- 4 Dust particles due to handling of raw materials

To control the dust particulates from the electric furnace stack to meet the MOEF standards of 50 mg/Nm³ cyclone and bag filters are proposed. To control SO₂ and NOx emissions from DG sets stack meeting MoEF guidelines will be proposed.

6.2 Water Quality Management

Closed cycle cooling system is followed for Ferro Alloys manufacturing hence the wastewater generation is only domestic wastewater and floor washings. Details of effluent generation and Water balance are given below **Table 6.2.1**.



The Durance In Juny				
Particulars	Raw	Waste	Loss	Discharge
	Water	Water		0
Cooling Purpose	80	-	80	ETP/reuse
Domestic Purpose, floor moping	10	6	4	STP / GB
Gardening	10	-	10	-
Total	100	6	94	

Table 6.2.1 Water Balance – m³/day

6.3 Solid Waste Utilization plan

The slag generated from ferro alloys unit will be used for land filling, building construction, boundary wall construction and tiles manufacturing. Details of Slag generation from proposed project are given in **Table 6.3.1**. The Slag will be used for land filling and tiles manufacturing.

Table 6.3.1 Solid waste generation

S. No.	Description	Quantity MTPA	Remarks
1	Slag	15100	Land filling & Tiles Manufacturing

6.4 Noise Level Management

Equipment will be designed to 85 dB(A) to meet ambient noise levels as per the OSHA regulations.

6.5 Storm water Management

Proper drainage system will be provided to ensure smooth draining of storm water without water logging problems.

7 Environmental Monitoring

7.1 Stack Gas Monitoring

The emissions from the stack will be monitored continuously using stack monitoring equipment for sulphur dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and particulate matter.

7.2 Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

The ambient air quality will be monitored for SPM, RPM ($PM_{10} \& PM_{2.5}$), SO₂, NO_x, as per the direction of the state pollution control board.

7.3 Monitoring of other parameters

Ground and surface water quality, effluent quality, noise levels monitoring etc will be regularly monitored and reported to local PCB and also MoEF, GOI.

8 BUDGETARY PROVISION FOR EMP

In order to comply with the environmental protection measures as suggested in the above sections, the management has made a budgetary provision for Environmental Protection and Safety measures. The estimated cost of the overall project, amount allocated to Environmental Management Cost towards Environmental Mitigation Measures both capital and recurring are given in **Table 8.1**.

S.No	Particulars	Capital Cost	Recurring Cost
		(Rs. in Lakhs)	(Rs. In Lakhs)
1	Ferro Alloys unit - Bag filter and	150	15
	dedusting system		
2	STP, Rainwater harvesting, storm	40	5
	water drains, etc		
3	Greenbelt development,	10	
	miscellaneous		
	Total	200	20
Capital cost of the project Rs. 2200 Lakhs			

Table 8.1Cost towards Environmental Mitigation Measures

9 ORGANIZATIONAL SET UP FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

Environment Division headed by an experienced Executive Engineer is directing responsible for Environmental Management of the existing station. The Executive Engineer reports to the Superintending Engineer (Environment) and Chief Engineer (O&M). The environment division has Environmental Engineering and Environmental Chemistry group. The existing Environmental management team will discharge the responsibilities of the proposed unit.

